own history and political structures. The practical parts of those programs could be carried out only under a certain kind of oppression. Our program had to deal with America.

I started rapping off the essential points for the survival of Black and oppressed people in the United States. Bobby wrote them down, and then we separated those ideas into two sections, "What We Want" and "What We Believe." We split them up because the ideas fell naturally into two distinct categories. It was necessary to explain why we wanted certain things. At the same time, our goals were based on beliefs, and we set those out, too. In the section on beliefs, we made it clear that all the objective conditions necessary for attaining our goals were already in existence, but that a number of societal factors stood in our way. This was to help the people understand what was working against them.

All in all, our ten-point program took about twenty minutes to write. Thinking it would take days, we were prepared for a long session, but we never got to the small mountain of books piled up around us. We had come to an important realization: books could only point in a general direction; the rest was up to us. This is the program we wrote down:

OCTOBER 1966
BLACK PANTHER PARTY
PLATFORM AND PROGRAM

WHAT WE WANT
WHAT WE BELIEVE

1. We want freedom. We want power to determine the destiny of our Black Community.
   We believe that Black people will not be free until we are able to determine our destiny.

2. We want full employment for our people.
   We believe that the federal government is responsible and obligated to give every man employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that if the white American businessmen will not give

3. We want an end to the robbery by the capitalist of our Black community.
   We believe that this racist government has robbed us and now we are demanding the overdue debt of forty acres and two mules. Forty acres and two mules were promised 100 years ago as restitution for slave labor and mass murder of Black people. We will accept the payment in currency which will be distributed to our many communities. The Germans are now aiding the Jews in Israel for the genocide of the Jewish people. The Germans murdered six million Jews. The American racist has taken part in the slaughter of over fifty million Black people; therefore, we feel that this is a modest demand that we make.

4. We want decent housing, fit for shelter of human beings.
   We believe that if the white landlords will not give decent housing to our Black community, then the housing and the land should be made into cooperatives so that our community, with government aid, can build and make decent housing for its people.

5. We want education for our people that exposes the true nature of this decadent American society. We want education that teaches us our true history and our role in the present-day society.
   We believe in an educational system that will give to our people a knowledge of self. If a man does not have knowledge of himself and his position in society and the world, then he has little chance to relate to anything else.

6. We want all Black men to be exempt from military service.
   We believe that Black people should not be forced to fight in the military service to defend a racist government that does not protect us. We will not fight and kill other people of color in the world who, like Black people, are being victimized by the white racist government of America. We will protect ourselves from
the force and violence of the racist police and the racist military.
by whatever means necessary.

7. We want an immediate end to POLICE BRUTALITY and
MURDER of Black people.
We believe we can end police brutality in our Black community
by organizing Black self-defense groups that are dedicated to
defending our Black community from racist police oppression
and brutality. The Second Amendment to the Constitution of the
United States gives a right to bear arms. We therefore believe that
all Black people should arm themselves for self-defense.

8. We want freedom for all Black men held in federal, state,
county and city prisons and jails.
We believe that all Black people should be released from the
many jails and prisons because they have not received a fair and
impartial trial.

9. We want all Black people when brought to trial to be tried in
court by a jury of their peer group or people from their Black
community, as defined by the Constitution of the United States.
We believe that the courts should follow the United States
Constitution so that Black people will receive fair trials. The
Fourteenth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution gives a man a
right to be tried by his peer group. A peer is a person from a simi-
lar economic, social, religious, geographical, environmental, his-
torical, and racial background. To do this the court will be forced
to select a jury from the Black community from which the Black
defendant came. We have been and are being tried by all-white
juries that have no understanding of the “average reasoning
man” of the Black community.

10. We want land, bread, housing, education, clothing, jus-
tice, and peace. And as our major political objective, a United
Nations-supervised plebiscite to be held throughout the Black
colony in which only Black colonial subjects will be allowed
to participate, for the purpose of determining the will of Black
people as to their national destiny.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for
one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected
them with another, and to assume, among the powers of the
earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature
and nature’s God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of
mankind requires that they should declare the causes which im-
pel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created
equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain un-
alienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit
of happiness. That, to secure these rights, governments are insti-
tuted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of
the governed; that, whenever any form of government becomes
destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or
to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foun-
dation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such
form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and
happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long
established should not be changed for light and transient causes;
and, accordingly, all experience hath shown, that mankind are
more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right
themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accus-
tomed. But, when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursu-
ing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them
under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to
throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their
future security.

With the program on paper, we set up the structure of our or-
ganization. Bobby became Chairman, and I chose the position
of Minister of Defense.* I was very happy with this arrange-
ment; I do not like to lead formally, and the Chairman has to
conduct meetings and be involved in administration. We also
discussed having an advisory cabinet as an information arm of
the Party. We wanted this cabinet to do research on each of the
ten points and their relation to the community and to advise

*All titles in the Black Panther Party were eventually dropped, in July, 1972.